

# BANDWIDTH LIMITED OBJECT RECOGNITION IN HIGH RESOLUTION IMAGERY

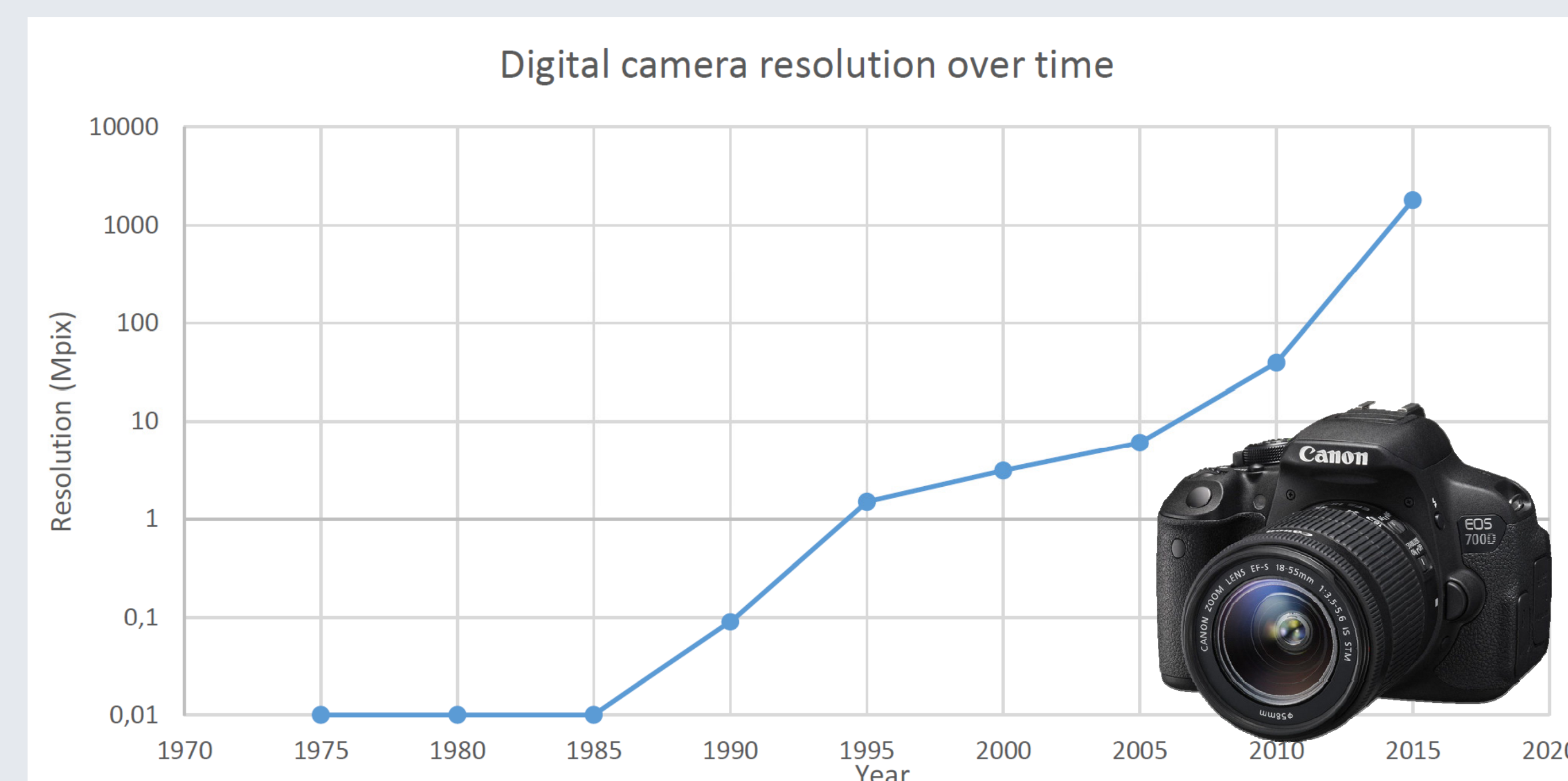
Laura Lopez-Fuentes<sup>1, 2, 3</sup>, Andrew D. Bagdanov<sup>4</sup>, Joost van de Weijer<sup>2</sup>, Harald Skinnemoen<sup>1</sup>

AnsuR Technologies, Norway<sup>1</sup>, Computer Vision Center, UAB, Spain<sup>2</sup>, Dept. Mathematics and Computer Science, UIB, Spain<sup>3</sup>, University of Florence, Italy<sup>4</sup>



IEEE 2017 Winter  
conference on  
Applications of  
Computer Vision

## MOTIVATION



Better precision on  
details



Hard to process  
Bandwidth limitations

Conventional solution:  
image downsampling



Original resolution



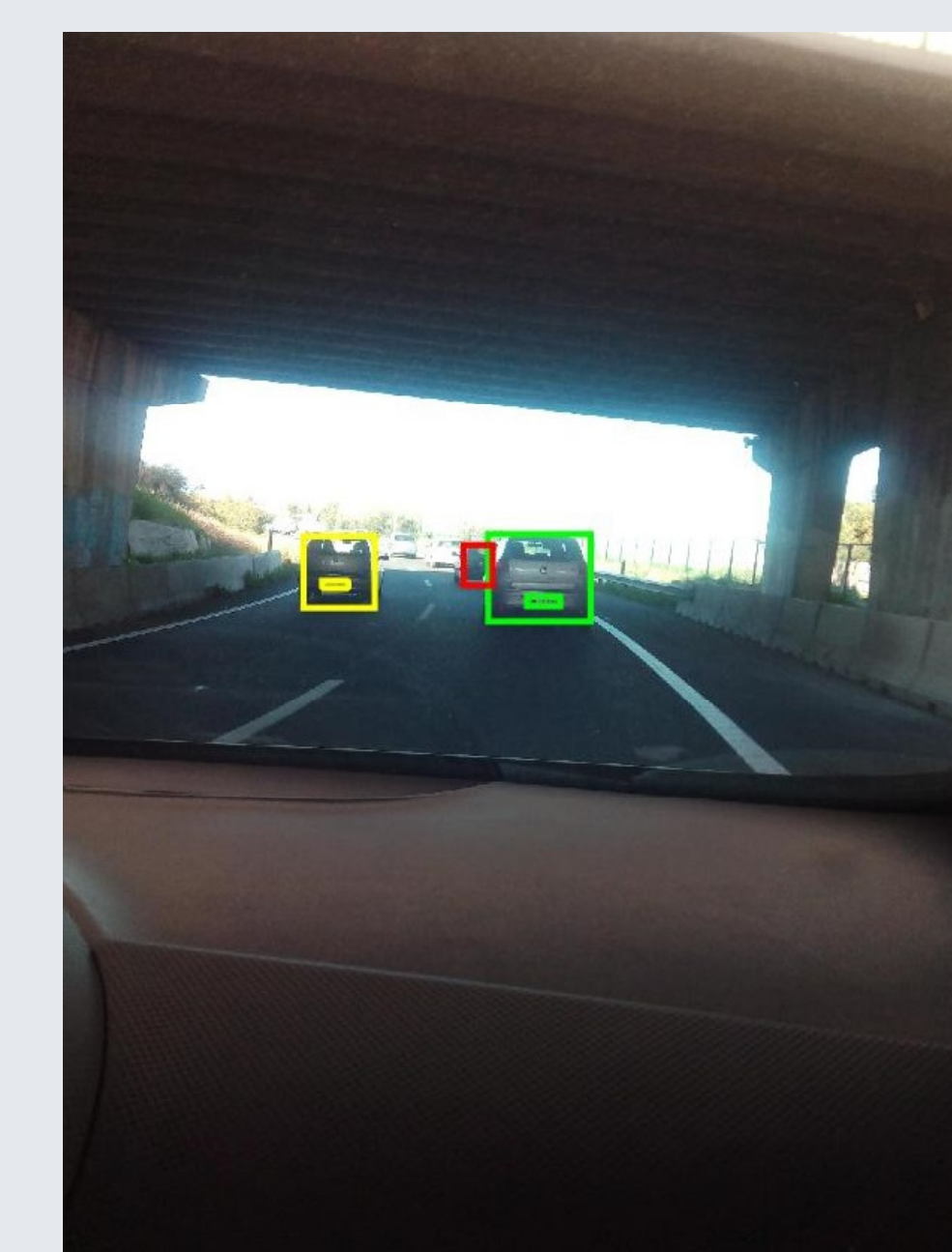
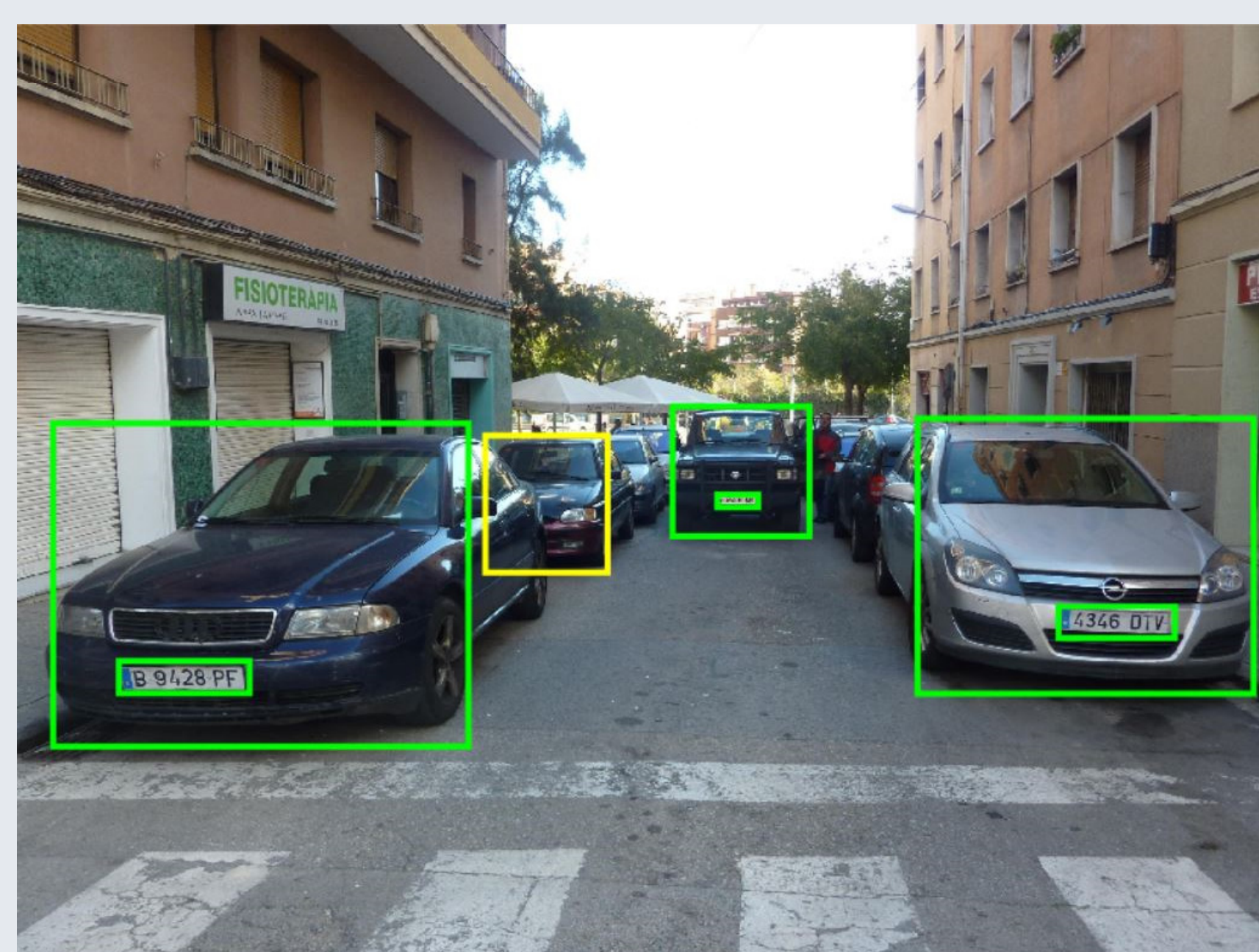
Downsampled image:  
Biggest image resolution  
handled by most CNN



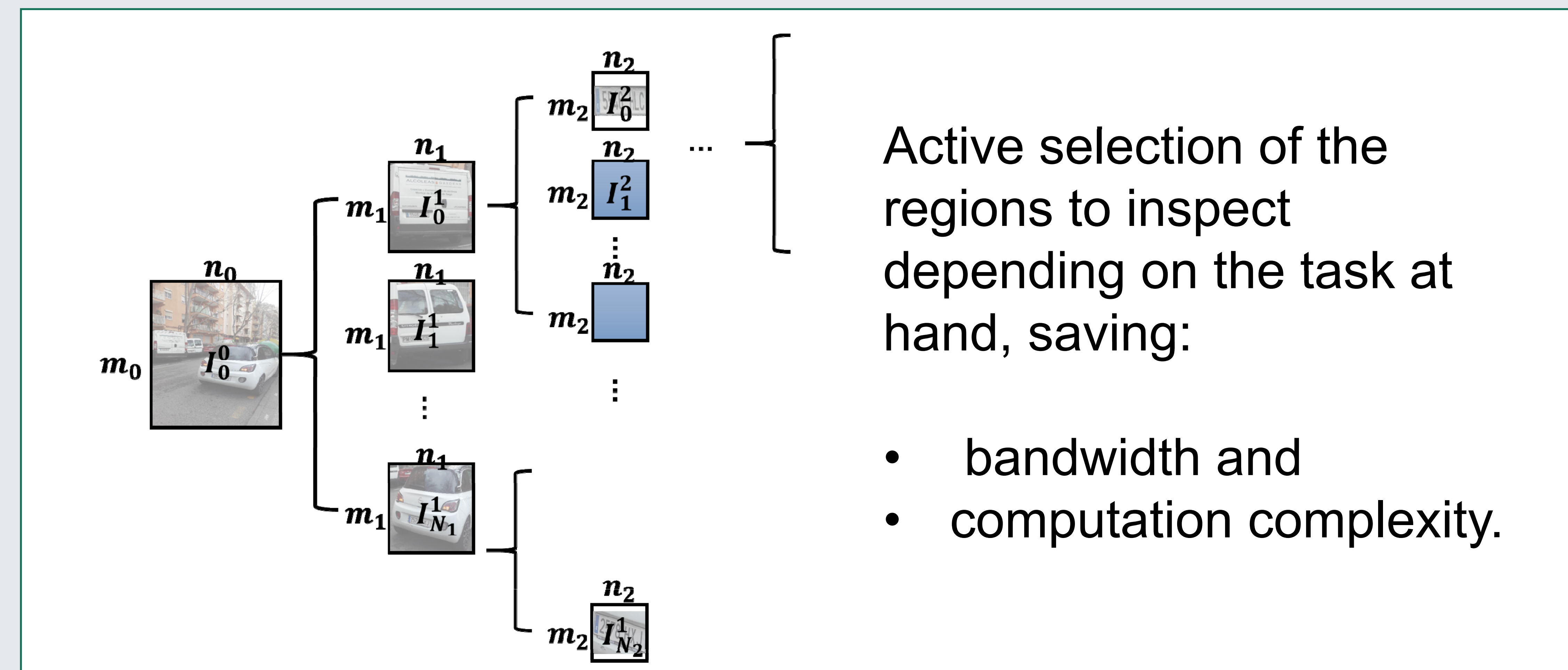
When downsampling  
images precision in  
important details is lost



## DATASET



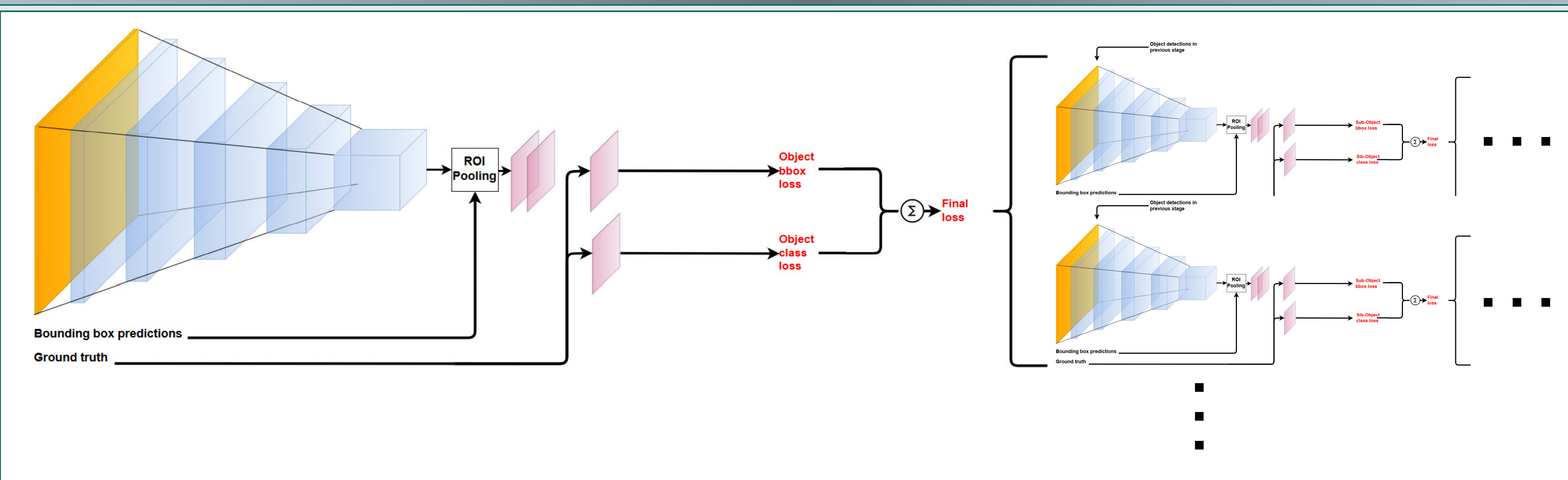
## FRAMEWORK



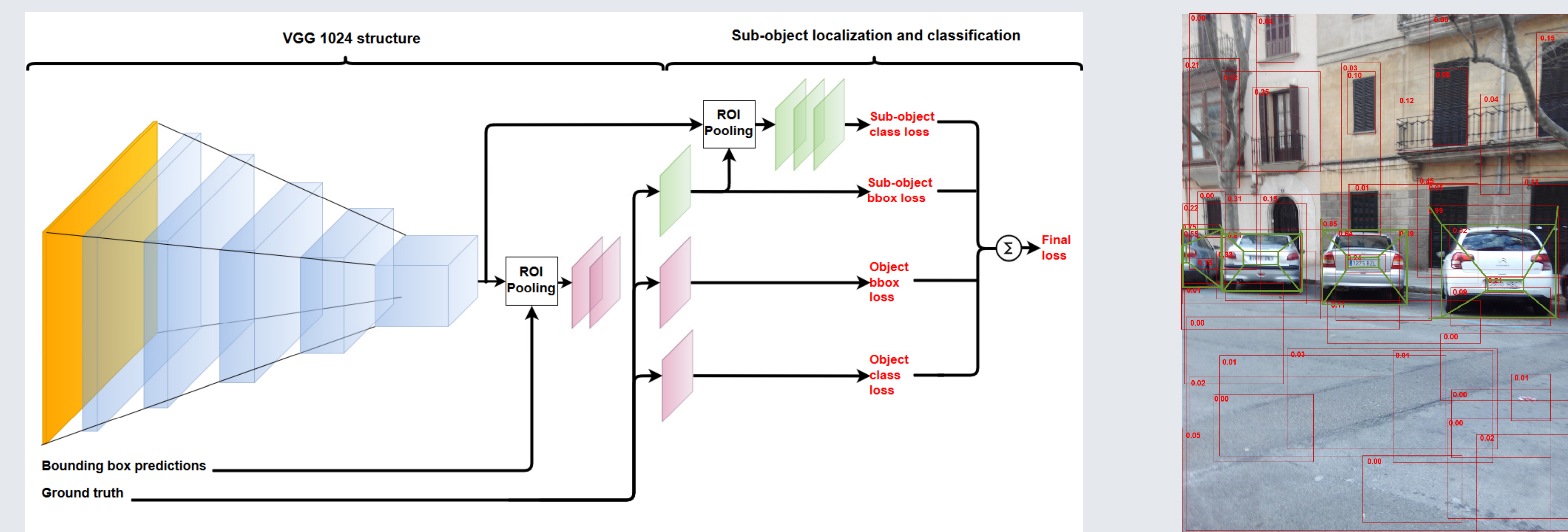
Active selection of the  
regions to inspect  
depending on the task at  
hand, saving:

- bandwidth and
- computation complexity.

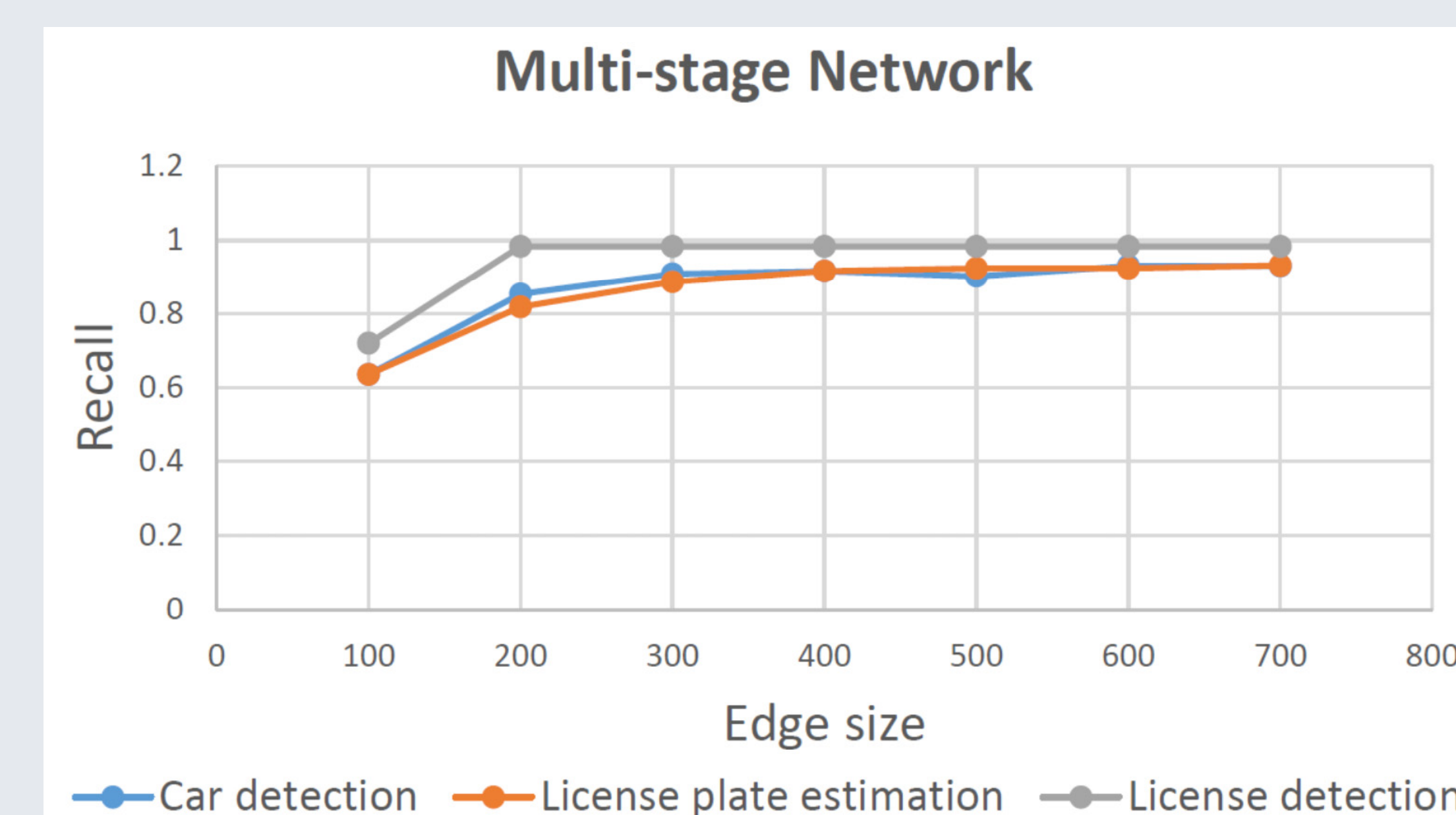
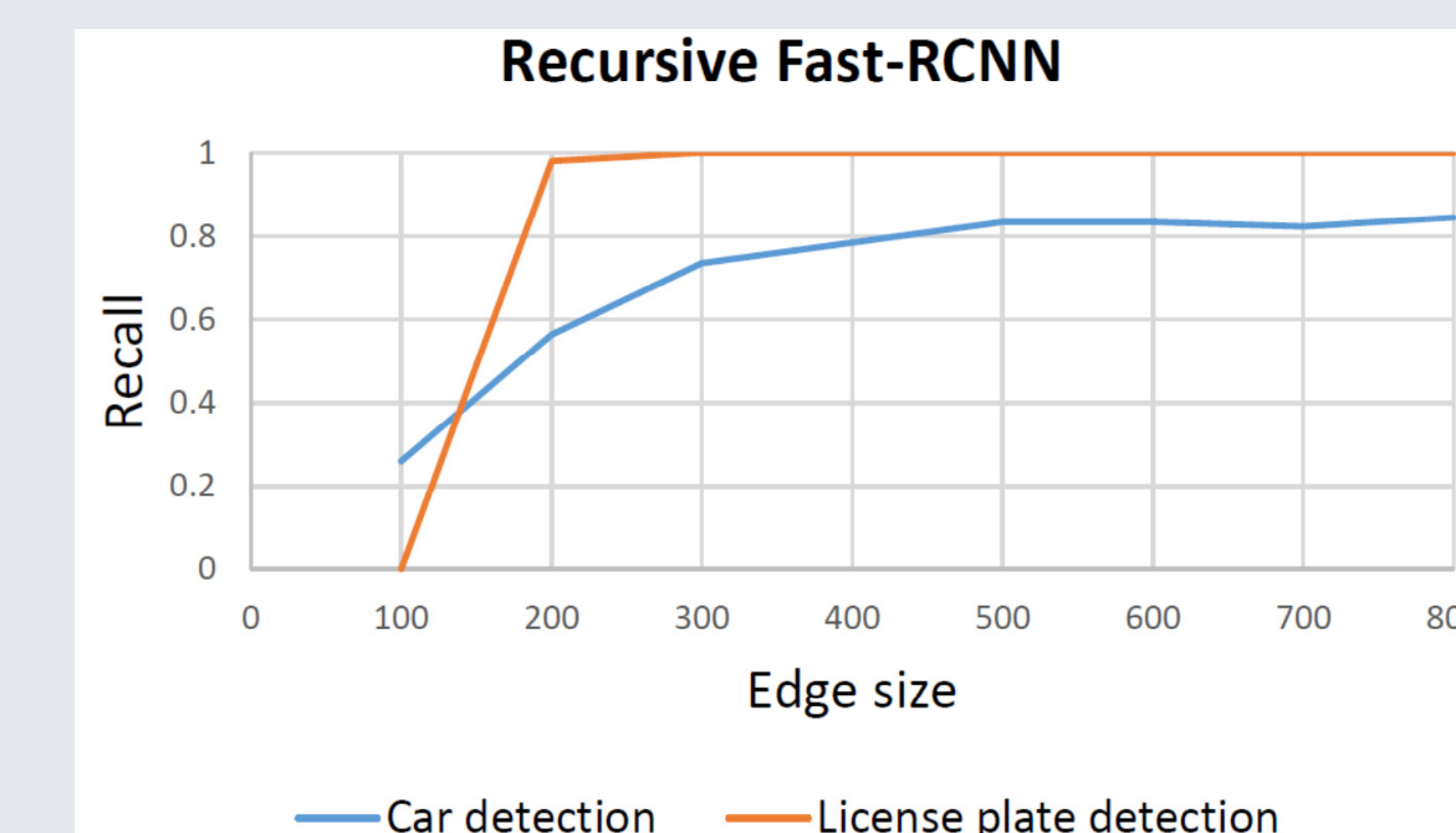
## RECURSIVE FAST-RCNN



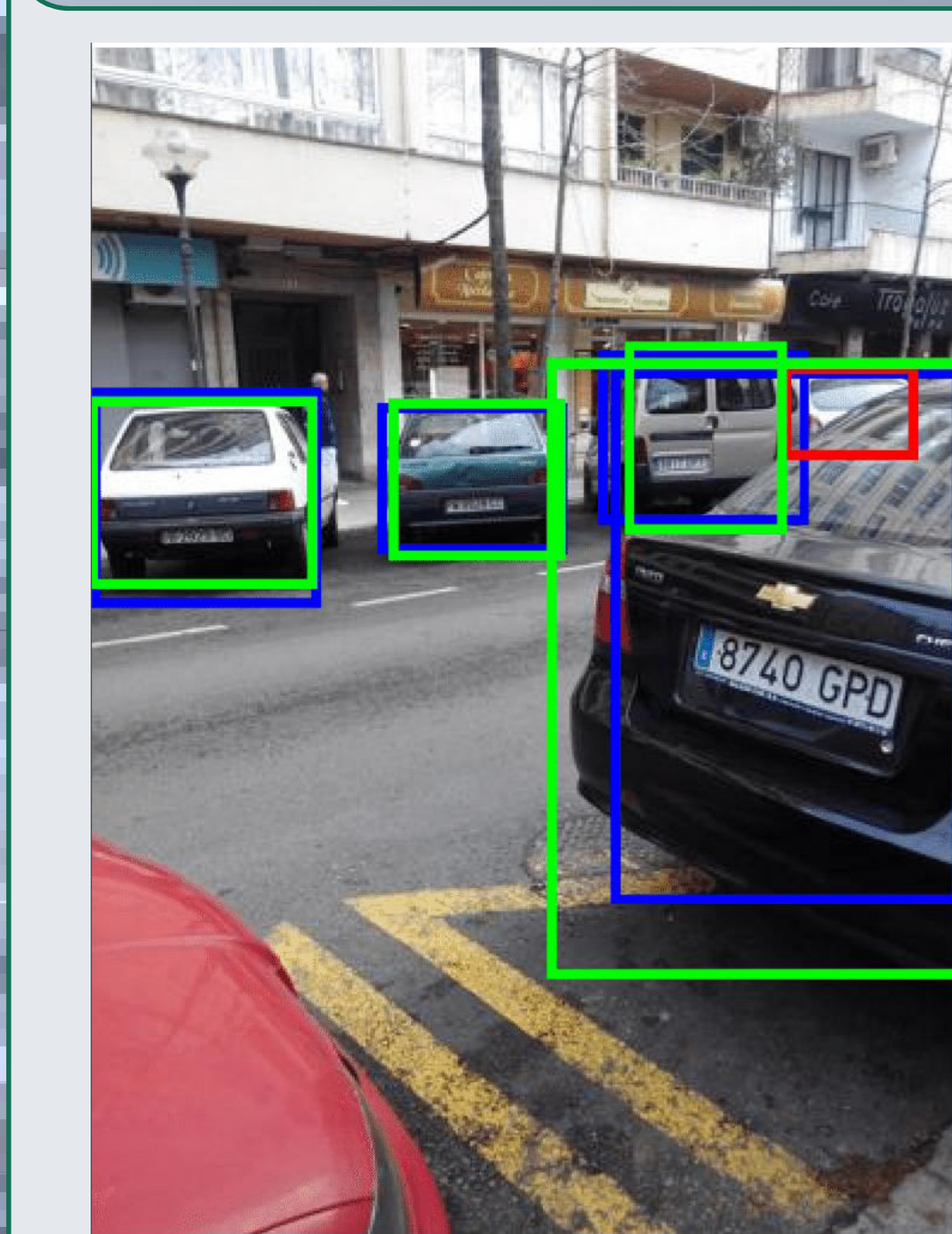
## MULTI-STAGE NETWORK



## EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS



The Recursive Fast-RCNN performs  
slightly better in terms of license plate  
detection and therefore character  
accuracy but the Multi-stage Network  
obtains higher gains in bandwidth (less  
pixels inspected).



Recursive Fast-RCNN



Multi-stage Network

## CONCLUSIONS

Experimental results on both implementations show that the proposed  
framework yields significant savings in terms of bandwidth (80.4% less pixels  
inspected with 1% loss in character accuracy for the Recursive Fast-RCNN and  
82.4% less pixels inspected with 6% loss in character accuracy for the Multi-stage  
Network).

Find out more!



Check our dataset!



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